









Contracts and innovation: What to be aware of when negotiating ABS contracts



Morten Walløe Tvedt, Valerie Normand and Christian Prip Tematic sessions 8th Pan African Workshop,

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FNI's ABS Publications

- The **Australian ABS** Framework A Model Case for Bioprospecting?, By Christian Prip, G. Kristin Rosendal, Steinar Andresen and Morten Walløe Tvedt, *FNI Report 1/2014*
- Medaglia, Jorge Cabrera, Morten Walløe Tvedt, Frederic Perron-Welch, Ane Jørem and Freedom-Kai Phllips. *The Interface between the Nagoya Protocol on ABS and the ITPGRFA at the International Level Potential Issues for Consideration in Supporting Mutually Supportive Implementation at the National Level.* Lysaker, Fridtjof Nansens Institutt, 2013. (FNI Report, no. 1/2013)
- Book: *Global Governance of Genetic Resources Access and Benefit Sharing after the Nagoya Protocol.* Edited by Sebastian Oberthür and G. Kristin RosendalRoutledge, 2014.

•Implementing the Nagoya Protocol on ABS: A Hypothetical Case Study on Enforcing Benefit Sharing in Norway (with Ole Kristian Fauchald 2011)





ROUTLEDGE RESEARCH IN GLOBAL ENVIRONMENTAL GOVERNANCE

FNI's

- The Aust Bioprospec
 Andresen a
- Medaglia,
 Welch, Ane
 the Nagoya
 Level Pot
 Supportive
 Nansens In
- Book: Glo Benefit Sha Oberthür au
- Implemer Study on E Fauchald 2

Global Governance of Genetic Resources

Access and benefit sharing after the Nagoya Protocol

Edited by Sebastian Oberthür and G. Kristin Rosendal





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Initiative tools to be developed

- Check list
- Contract study book
- Sector briefs
- Templates
- Negotiating tool
- Contract training:
 - How and who? A group of persons that will be negotiating



The situation in GR Policy and Law

International law

- The principle of sovereignty
- Sovereign rights over GR
 (permanent sovereignty to nat. resources)

 Regional level

Benin

Movement of biological material and TK

Law of the provider country

Norway

Law of user country

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Requirements to the contract

What is required in the contract?

Hinder for cross-border enforcement of:

law,

Mov

mate

- policy,
- judgments and
- adm. decisions

vereignty to nat.

How will a contract come around or be negotiated?

Norway

How will this contract be treated under the jurisdiction or legal situation?



Contract law

International law International private law

- different systems for making contracts work across borders

Benin

Private law Agreement MAT (PIC)

Enter into a contract

how to regulate the object transferred and allowed acts regards that object **Norway**

Enforcement of contracts

how to ensure that the user follows the rights of

Laos



Challenges for ABS Contracts I:

- Challenge of creating incentives for the user to share and thus contribute to conservation
- The time-gap challenge: access, utilisation and benefit sharing
- The cross-boarder challenge: sovereignty, jurisdiction, Parties and private parties
- The access-challenge/failure of ABS
- No background law on GR and TK contracts



Challenges for ABS Contracts II:

- Procedural contractual issues (how to negotiate)
- Substantive issues (what is the content in the text)

What is the idea of an ABS Contract?

- Regulate the research and development
 - It is a utmost dynamic object in the contract
 - The raw material is unknown and the product is to be developed
- High degree of uncertainty how to make good rules?
- How to construct mutual trust and collaboration?



Contract law

International law International private law

- different systems for making contracts work across borders

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Norway

Enforcement of contracts

how to ensure that the user follows the rules of Benin also those set in a contract www.fni.no

Making a contract:

Three Criteria of Successful ABS Negotiations:

- It should produce a wise/forthsighted agreement if agreement is possible;
- It should be efficient;
- And it should create trust, improve collaboration or at least not damage the relationship between the parties.

Sources: Kabir Bavikatte



Important elements for negotiation:

- Separate PEOPLE from the problem;
 - Face-to-face meetings; take your time in responding to an email;
- Focus on INTERESTS, not positions;
 - What do you want to achieve by this contractual relationship
- Invent OPTIONS for mutual gain;
 - Clarify what is in it for both
- Insist on using objective CRITERIA.
 - How to make your contract clear and reflect the mutual interest

Sources: Kabir Bavikatte



Key element of the content of contracts:

- Parties
- Object
- Purpose
- Benefit sharing linked to specific utilisation or products (including IPR)
- Subsequent third party use
- Changes of intent
- Confidentiality
- Dispute settlement



What is your contract about?

- What are you transferring to the company?
 - The object of the contract/ subject matter

+

- The actions that the user are allowed to do (positively and negatively defined)
- Purpose

A case study – the teff contract:

- Teff varieties send from Ethiopia to the Netherlands
- The purpose/ rational was twofold:
 - Making a new plant variety for being grown in Europe
 - Develop the market in Europe for Ethiopian grown teff
- Common ground of understanding
 - Make a long term relationship or get some quick benefits?

The object in the teff case:

4 The scope of access

- 4.1 The Provider agrees that the Company accesses and uses the genetic resources of Teff specified in Annex 1 to this agreement.
- 4.2 Under this **agreement**, the **Company** is permitted to use the genetic resources of Teff only for the purpose of developing non-traditional Teff based food and beverage products that are listed in Annex 3 to this **agreement**.
- 4.3 The Company cannot use Teff for any other purposes (e.g. chemical, pharmaceutical etc.) whatsoever unless explicit written consent is given by the **Provider**.
- 4.4 The **Provider** shall not grant to other parties access to Teff genetic resources for the purpose of producing the products of the **Company** listed in Annex 3 of this **agreement** unless it secures the consent of the **Company**.
- 4.5 The Company is not permitted to access the traditional knowledge of Ethiopian communities on the conservation, cultivation and use of Teff. Therefore, the Company shall not claim any rights over, nor make commercial benefit out of, such traditional knowledge unless explicit written agreement is given to it by the Provider.
- 4.6 To avoid possible confusion between the traditional knowledge of Ethiopian local communities and inventions made by the Company, the Provider shall, upon submission by the Company of its research proposals, inform the Company of the

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Relationship to IPRs:

5 Intellectual property ownership

- 5.1 The **Company** shall neither claim nor obtain intellectual property rights over the genetic resources of Teff or over any component of the genetic resources. However, plant variety protection may be obtained over Teff varieties.
- 5.2 The plant variety protection rights over new Teff varieties the Company will develop shall be co-owned by the Company and EARO. Such varieties shall be used by EARO and the Company in such a way as not to damage the business interests of the Company in so far as the products listed in Annex 3 or the interests of EARO or the Provider are concerned.
- Provider on behalf of the Teff farming local communities of Ethiopia. If it is found to be in the interest of the Provider or the Company, such varieties may be registered in the name of EARO. The Company shall handle and cover the cost of such registration outside of Ethiopia, provided that it has the finances in the given budget year.

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Patent law

Autonomous international legal system - No linkes to ABS

Benin

Private law Agreement MAT (PIC)

Enter into a contract

how to regulate the object transferred and allowed acts regards that object **Europe (Norway)**

EPO system

... and their own court system

Selection of claims in the teff patent

Claims

- 1. A flour of a grain belonging to the genus Eragrostis, preferably Eragrostis tef, characterized in that the falling number of the grain at the moment of grinding is at least 250, preferably at least 300, more preferably at least 340, most preferably at least 380.
- 2. A flour according to claim 1, characterized in that the grain has after-ripened.
- 3. A flour according to claim 2, characterized in that the falling number of the grain at the moment of grinding is at least 1.01 times higher than at the moment of harvesting the grain, preferably at least 1.05, more preferably at least 1.20 and still more preferably at least 1.30 times higher.

Selection of claims in the teff patent

Claims

- **4.** A flour according to any one of the preceding claims, **characterized in that** the grain is gluten-free.
- **5.** A flour according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the grains has been ground at least 4, preferably least 6, more preferably at least 8 weeks after harvesting.
- **6.** A flour according to any one of the preceding claims, wherein the falling number of the grain at the moment of grinding is substantially stable for at least 2-3 weeks.

. . .

- **16.** A dough or batter comprising flour according to any one of claims 1-15.
- 17. A gluten-free dough or batter comprising flour according to any one of claims 1-14.
- **18.** A **food product** comprising flour according to any one of claims 1-15.

Exercise:

How would you define the object to for the teff contract to target the mutual interest?

Choosing wording for a contract

Contract	Patent
Genetic resources	A flour of a grain belonging to the
	genus
Derivatives	After-ripened grain
Non-traditional Teff based	A flour gluten-free
food and beverage	
Any component of the genetic	A gluten-free dough or batter
resources	
	A method for baking a product (19)
	A food product or luxury food product
	prepared
	A plant variety

A fundamental relationship:

- What you are giving access to?
- Process utilisation
- Product outcome:
 - Which products?

How is the contract defining the link between GR/ TK and product?

Personality on the user side:

- Company negotiating with the authorised persons?
- Company in which branch does this company operate?
- A daughter company will the mother become bound? What about the sister companies?
- Research institutions and middlemen

Personality on the provider side:

- An ABS framework?
- Owners of the resources
- Competent authority, to grant PIC
- With whom shall the contract be negotiated?
 - Authority
 - Others



Large changes of structure:

- Transfer for thirdparties?
- Merger?
- Acquisition?
- Bankrupcy?
 - How will the contract work in a bankcrupcy situation?

Changes:

- New use
 - Not foreseen in the contract
 - Foreseen but depends on a new negotation
- Contract from one sector to a finding in another
- Academic a commercial

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Law of user country

Confidenciality:

- About the contract
- Terms in the contract

Exclusivity

- For how long time shall the one user have exclusive right
 - At species level
 - At accession level

Enforcement and compliance:

- Dispute settlement
- Choice of law a two edge sword
- Alternative dispute settlement mechanisms
 - Conciliation, arbitration
- Getting assests of the company under your legislation

The Company shall pay such sum of US dollar XXX (US dollar XXX) to the AA as a guarantee deposit returnable on the completion of the scoping phase by the Company in compliance with the terms of this Agreement.

The interest generated from the deposit will be injected into ABS Fund for strengthening the sustainable conservation initiatives of biological resources.





Thank you for your attention

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